## BUSINESSECAREERS

# Tablets, legal e-books gaining ground



LUIGI BENETTON

Anybody who doubts the arrival of electronic books need only check out a stunning fiveminute TED Talk in which the presenter blows on a tablet screen to make a windmill on the screen spin. Legal e-books might not need such bells and whistles, but they are garnering interest - perhaps enough to change lawyers' research habits.

For years, electronically available information has led lawyers to move paper-based activities to desktops, laptops, netbooks and tablets. Might e-books lead lawvers to adopt dedicated e-readers like the Kobo, Amazon's Kindle or Sony's Reader?

No - and yes. Anecdotally, tablets outnumber e-readers among lawyers. Shaunna Mireau surveyed her firm's lawyers last May and found seven of them had Apple iPads, two toted Black-Berry PlayBooks and nine owned various makes of e-readers. Tablets have been gaining share since then, according to Mireau, the Edmonton-based director of knowledge management and libraries for Field Law.

Expectations are high for such devices. "I purchased the firstgeneration Apple iPad instead of an e-reader since the iPad is more versatile," says Ted Tjaden, national director of knowledge management for McMillan LLP. He lists web surfing, email, calendars, games and music among the activities he wants to perform on his device.

But foregoing a physical e-reader doesn't mean you can't access its bookstore. Tjaden, for instance, buys books to read on his tablet using the Amazon Kindle app. Add apps such as Kobo and Apple's iBookstore to the mix, and the selection of books for a dedicated e-reader can't compare.

Tablets also skirt the issue of which e-book format works on which type of reader, an issue that will persist à la Blu-ray versus HD DVD unless the industry settles on one universal e-book format.

The Web browser may be the "killer app" most e-readers don't have, a tool that lawyers such as Donna Neff use to access research subscriptions. "If I want to do research related to my legal work, I go to my iPad. I can download a lengthy piece off the web to read later. I can take it on a train or plane to read locally," says the Stittsville, Ont.-based lawyer.

Indeed, for research, she bypasses her desktop PC, laptop and netbook—as well as paper, since Neff's office has dropped



 $\hbox{E-BOOK BY TOMMASO79/DREAMSTIME.COM, IPAD COURTESY OF APPLE, SHELVES BY ARZTSAMUI/DREAMSTIME.COM \\$ Regardless of who pays for

The main limitation is the lack of easy hyperlinking. Most substantive legal treatises in print or on a commercial online database have clickable links to case or legislative citations, but that functionality is not yet available on e-books.

Ted Tjaden, national director of knowledge management, McMillan LLP

every "paper subscription" it had. Tablets also support apps that let people both annotate docuand store their work online. In a pinch, tablets also let users perform that most common research task: copy material from research documents to their work

Low price, long battery life and easy-on-the-eyes screens may continue to attract buyers interested only in pleasure reading, but in business environments dedicated e-readers compare about as favourably to tablets as nineties-era Palm devices compare with today's smartphones.

When I called her, Mireau was researching costs for e-books she wanted to add to Field Law's library. While individual copies slightly discounted for e-reader versions, "in the lawfirm-library world, electronic costs more," she said. tablet-toting lawyers want e-book copies on their devices. That drives up licensing costs compared with those for hard copies, which lawyers leave in the library instead of carrying around.

E-book sharing could keep costs down, but it's difficult to enable. Law firm libraries may need to use tools such as Over-Drive, a system used by many public libraries to handle both digital material checkouts and automate check-ins.

Devices themselves can be difficult to cost-justify. Muddying the monetary waters further, large firms may need to decide which department-IT, the library, or another - takes the budgetary hit.

"I hope people get things for Christmas and then I'll help them use their gifts," Mireau said with chuckle.

## **E-SHELVES**





Here's a sampling of what's available from legal publishers.

## American Bar Association

It seems a natural fit, releasing a book called iPad in One Hour for Lawyers, via Apple's iBookstore, but the ABA claims it will use Apple's bookselling operation to distribute other materials.



Thomson Reuters Proview, Carswell's forthcoming dedicated reader app, will enable customers to access a selection of its e-books



## Irwin Law

Irwin partnered with e-book-reading application developer Nubook to create a reader for both its front and back list. Irwin claims the application was to be available by the end of 2011.

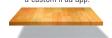


## LexisNexis Canada

A selection of e-books are compatible with Apple's iPad as well as the BlackBerry PlayBook and Android devices. (LexisNexis Canada owns The Lawyers Weekly.)



Wilson & Lafleur Ltée: Readers can access the Québecbased legal publisher's collection in a custom iPad app



## Law firms:

Why should legal publishers have all the fun? U.S. firm Latham & Watkins published three editions of The Book of Jargon as smartphone apps to assist members of the financial community (i.e. its clients) with the "talk" of banking, capital markets and project finance. The concept of e-book publishing as business development may induce other firms to follow suit



Why? For one thing, today's

people would want a personal copy of," Mireau says. "Currently, if you buy the print version then you also get access to the e-book," she adds.

them, technology departments

will want to make e-reader

devices secure, since lawvers

likely will use them to view client

information as well as legal

You can forgive legal publish-

ers if they secretly yearn for a return to the simplicity of the

days of print. Websites to main-

tain, e-reader formats to choose,

new licensing strategies to

develop—the degree of evolution

being forced on publishers by

lawyers hungry for digital alterna-

tives makes them seem a little

legal publishers are still in their

infancy," Tjaden says. "The main

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their time not just on developing

features for their e-books but on

migrating titles to digital for-

mats. "Right now, they seem to be

publishing things as e-books that

Publishers seem to be taking

"The various offerings from

research material.

slow on the uptake.